

Transposing Score in 415 Hz and 440 Hz

Marc Sabat

To walk in this what came to pass

for mixed ensemble

415 Hz instruments : flauto traverso, baroque oboe,

theorbo, positive organ; strings;

440 Hz instruments : bass flute, harp,

Fender Rhodes synth, violin, viola, cello, contrabass

PLAIN SOUND MUSIC EDITION

To walk in this what came to pass (2022)

remembering my grandparents' flight

composed for and premiered by Zafraan Ensemble and the Akademie für Alte Musik Berlin

A short passacaglia: walking and a dance in the street.

Past and present hearing one another, each reprise once again distant, across a divide, spiraling notes and harmonies passing by.

Letters written in a time of war.

Berlin, May 2022

The Helmholtz-Ellis JI Pitch Notation (HEJI) | 2020 | LEGEND

revised by Marc Sabat and Thomas Nicholson | PLAIN SOUND MUSIC EDITION | www.plainsound.org

in collaboration with Wolfgang von Schweinitz, Catherine Lamb, and M.O. Abbott, building upon the original HEJI notation devised by Marc Sabat and Wolfgang von Schweinitz in the early 2000s

PYTHAGOREAN JUST INTONATION | generated by multiplying / dividing an arbitrary reference frequency by PRIMES 2 and 3 only

... \flat b \natural \sharp \times ...

note a series of **perfect fifths** above / below a reference

$3/2 \approx \pm 702.0$ cents (i.e. $2c$ wider than tempered)

each new accidental represents **7 fifths**, altering by one apotome

$2187/2048 \approx \pm 113.7$ cents

Frequency ratios including higher prime numbers (5–47) may be notated by adding the following distinct accidental symbols. Custom indications for higher primes or various enharmonic substitutions may be invented as needed by simply defining further symbols representing the relevant ratio alterations.

PTOLEMAIC JUST INTONATION | PRIMES up to 5

$\flat\flat$ \flat \natural \sharp \times $\flat\flat$ \flat \natural \sharp \times
 $\flat\flat$ \flat \natural \sharp \times $\flat\flat$ \flat \natural \sharp \times
 $\natural\sharp = \flat$ $\flat\sharp = \sharp$

includes the consonant **just major third**

$5/4 \approx \pm 386.3$ cents (ca. $14c$ narrower than tempered)

alteration by one syntonic comma

$81/80 \approx \pm 21.5$ cents

alteration by two syntonic commas

$81/80 \cdot 81/80 \approx \pm 43.0$ cents

alteration by one schisma to notate an exact enharmonic substitution
 $32805/32768 \approx \pm 2.0$ cents

SEPTIMAL JI | PRIME 7

\flat \natural
 \natural \flat

includes the consonant **natural seventh**

$7/4 \approx \pm 968.8$ cents (ca. $31c$ narrower than tempered)

alteration by one septimal comma (Giuseppe Tartini)

$64/63 \approx \pm 27.3$ cents

alteration by two septimal commas

$64/63 \cdot 64/63 \approx \pm 54.5$ cents

UNDECIMAL | PRIME 11

\flat \natural

includes the **undecimal semi-augmented fourth**

$11/8 \approx \pm 551.3$ cents (ca. $51c$ wider than tempered)

alteration by one undecimal quartertone (Richard H. Stein)

$33/32 \approx \pm 53.3$ cents

TRIDECIMAL | PRIME 13

\flat \natural

includes the **tridecimal neutral sixth**

$13/8 \approx \pm 840.5$ cents (ca. $59c$ narrower than a tempered major sixth)

alteration by one tridecimal thridtone (Gérard Grisey)

$27/26 \approx \pm 65.3$ cents

PRIMES 17 THROUGH 47

\approx \approx
 \sim \sim
 \downarrow \uparrow
 \Downarrow \Uparrow
 \natural \flat
 $s|$ \natural
 $-$ $+$
 \vee \wedge
 \natural \flat

alteration by one 17-limit schisma

$2187/2176 \approx \pm 8.7$ cents

alteration by one 19-limit schisma

$513/512 \approx \pm 3.4$ cents

alteration by one 23-limit comma (James Tenney / John Cage)

$736/729 \approx \pm 16.5$ cents

alteration by one 29-limit sixtione

$261/256 \approx \pm 33.5$ cents

alteration by one 31-limit quartertone (Alinaghi Vaziri)

$32/31 \approx \pm 55.0$ cents

alteration by one 37-limit quartertone (Ivan Wyschnegradsky)

$37/36 \approx \pm 47.4$ cents

alteration by one 41-limit comma (Ben Johnston)

$82/81 \approx \pm 21.2$ cents

alteration by one 43-limit comma

$129/128 \approx \pm 13.5$ cents

alteration by one 47-limit quartertone

$752/729 \approx \pm 53.8$ cents

CENTS HEJI accidentals may be combined with an indication of their deviation in cents from equal temperament as read on a tuning meter; A \sharp 440 Hz is usually defined to be ± 0 cents. If this deviation exceeds ± 50 cents, the nearest tempered pitch-class may be added: e.g. A \sharp (-65 cents from A \sharp) could include the annotation A \flat +35 placed above or below its accidental.

TEMPERED NOTES | may be combined with cents deviations to notate free microtonal pitches

... \flat b \natural \flat \sharp \times ...

indicate the respective equal tempered quartertone;
show which pitch is assigned a deviation of 0c

The Helmholtz-Ellis JI Pitch Notation (HEJI) | 2020

Harmonic / Subharmonic series 1–49 notated by modifications of Pythagorean notes
with dedicated microtonal accidental symbols for primes 5 through 47

revised by Marc Sabat & Thomas Nicholson

in collaboration with Wolfgang von Schweinitz, Catherine Lamb and M.O. Abbott
building upon the original HEJI devised by Marc Sabat and Wolfgang von Schweinitz

Ratios represent the amount of modification of the Pythagorean notes by each additional symbol,
cents indications are deviations that would be shown on a tuning meter with A = 0 cents

Standard otonal notation above ♯A

A musical staff in bass clef showing intervals above ♯A. The intervals and their corresponding ratios and cents are:

- Interval: partial, Ratio: 8, Cents: -14
- Interval: interval, Ratio: 5°, Cents: +2
- Interval: M3, Ratio: (81:80), Cents: -31
- Interval: m7, Ratio: (64:63), Cents: +4
- Interval: P4, Ratio: (32:33), Cents: -14
- Interval: M6, Ratio: (27:26), Cents: +51
- Interval: aug8, Ratio: (2187:2176), Cents: +2
- Interval: m3, Ratio: (512:513), Cents: -2
- Interval: aug4, Ratio: (729:736), Cents: +51
- Interval: P4, Ratio: (256:261), Cents: +28
- Interval: P8, Ratio: (32:31), Cents: +2
- Interval: M2, Ratio: (36:37), Cents: -2
- Interval: M3, Ratio: (81:82), Cents: +2
- Interval: P4, Ratio: (128:129), Cents: +2
- Interval: aug4, Ratio: (729:752), Cents: +30
- Interval: E+38, Ratio: (729:752), Cents: +12

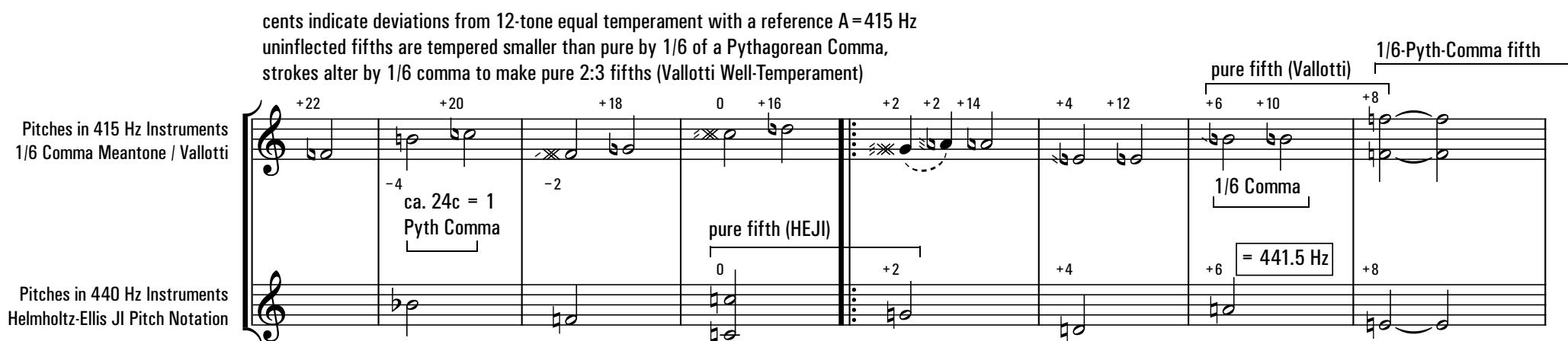
Standard utonal notation below ♯E

A musical staff in treble clef showing intervals below ♯E. The intervals and their corresponding ratios and cents are:

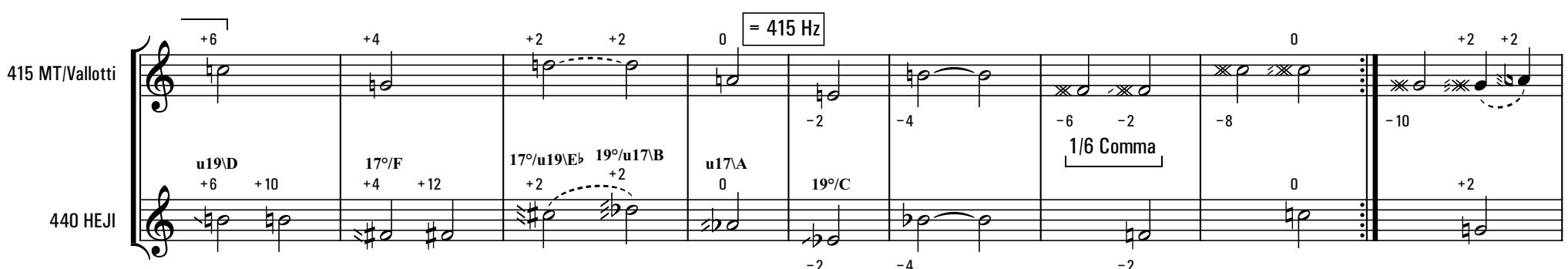
- Interval: u5, Ratio: (80:81), Cents: +16
- Interval: M3, Ratio: (63:64), Cents: +33
- Interval: m7, Ratio: (33:32), Cents: +2
- Interval: P4, Ratio: (26:27), Cents: +16
- Interval: u11, Ratio: (2176:2187), Cents: -3
- Interval: aug8, Ratio: (513:512), Cents: -2
- Interval: m3, Ratio: (736:729), Cents: +16
- Interval: aug4, Ratio: (261:256), Cents: -49
- Interval: P4, Ratio: (31:32), Cents: -26
- Interval: G#-39, Ratio: (2176:2187), Cents: +31
- Interval: u17, Ratio: (513:512), Cents: +29
- Interval: m7, Ratio: (261:256), Cents: +29
- Interval: P8, Ratio: (31:32), Cents: +33
- Interval: F-43, Ratio: (2176:2187), Cents: +14
- Interval: u19, Ratio: (513:512), Cents: +12
- Interval: aug4, Ratio: (752:729), Cents: -28
- Interval: u23, Ratio: (82:81), Cents: +47
- Interval: M2, Ratio: (37:36), Cents: +4
- Interval: M3, Ratio: (129:128), Cents: +16
- Interval: P4, Ratio: (129:128), Cents: +31
- Interval: u41, Ratio: (82:81), Cents: +12
- Interval: u43, Ratio: (129:128), Cents: +12
- Interval: u47, Ratio: (752:729), Cents: +12
- Interval: A-36, Ratio: (752:729), Cents: +12

To walk in this what came to pass : tuning charts

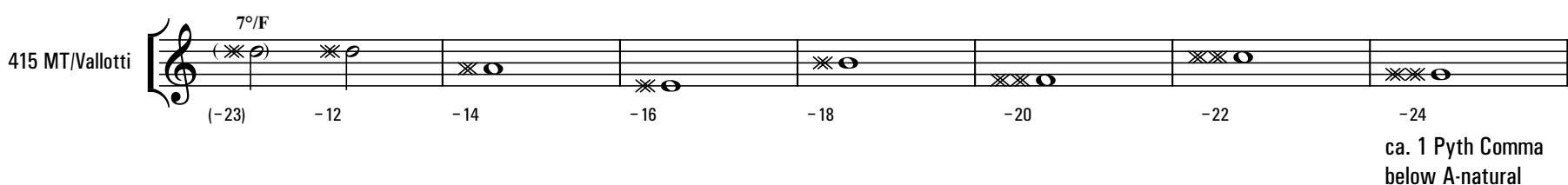
General Correlation between the 415 Hz and 440 Hz Instruments' Notations and Tuning Systems



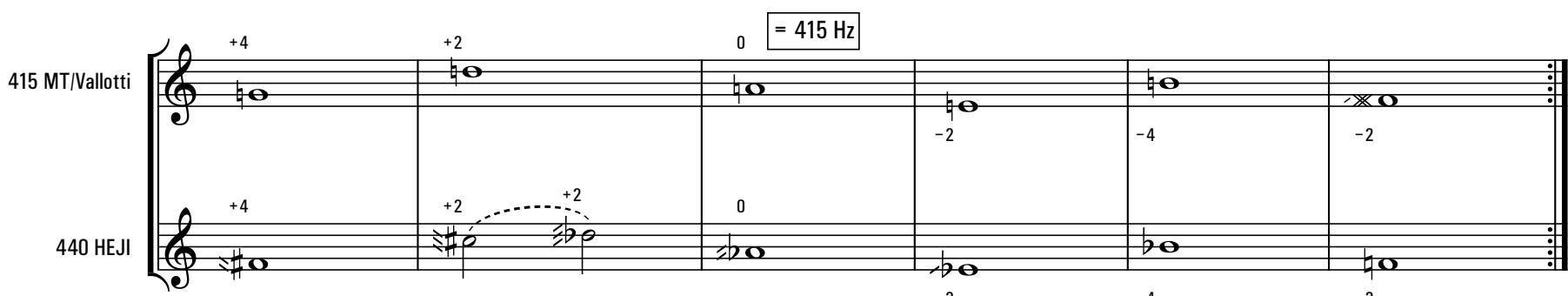
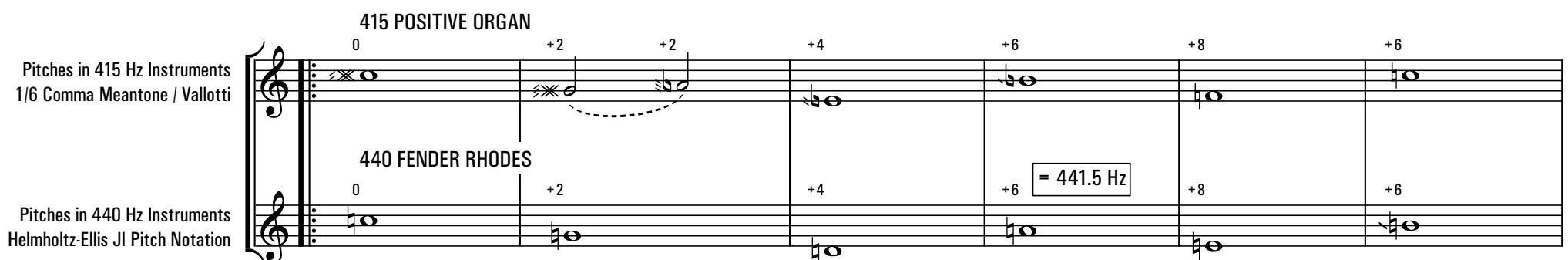
cents indicate deviations from 12-tone equal temperament with a reference A = 440 Hz
uninflected fifths are pure (2:3), strokes inflect by ca. 1/6 comma, based on 17° and 19° of the harmonic series (JI)
note that the actual Kammerton (tuning of A) is +6 cents, equivalent to 441.5 Hz



for the 415 Hz instruments, enharmonically spelled intervals are used to approximate septimal tunings based on the low natural 7°
in 1/6-Comma tuning the difference between enharmonic notes, i.e. G-sharp and A-flat, is approximately one Pythagorean Comma, ca. 24 cents
a single cross half-sharp (Zarlino's diesis symbol), alteration ca. +43 cents, is used to approximate "quartertones" based on the natural 11° and 13°
tunings based on partials > 5° are shown above the notes using a style like 7°/F (see example below) to indicate a 7th partial tuned over fundamental F
please tune such pitches contextually, by ear, adjusting intervals / chords to match the harmonic series, maximising resonance and clarity even when dissonant!



Unison Tuning of the Organ and the Electric Piano Synth



To walk in this what came to pass : tuning charts

Harp Scordatura

The score consists of seven staves, each representing a different octave of the harp:

- Harp Octave 7:** Tuning notes: 0, +4, +8, +2.
- Harp Octave 6:** Tuning notes: 0, +4, +8, +2, +6, +6.
- Harp Octave 5:** Tuning notes: C+48, -23, -4, +8, +2, +6, +6.
- Harp Octave 4:** Tuning notes: 0, -20, +8, +12, A#-41, +6, +6.
- Harp Octave 3:** Tuning notes: 0, +4, +8, +2, +6, +6.
- Harp Octave 2:** Tuning notes: 0, +4, +8, +2, +6, +6.
- Harp Octave 1:** Tuning notes: 0, +4, +8, +2, +6, +6.

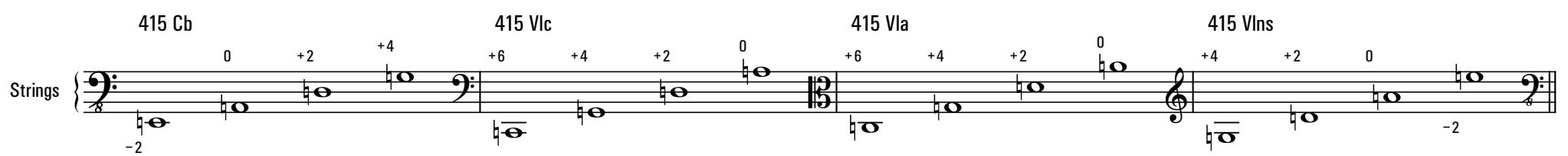
Each staff has two staves: an upper staff for tuning and a lower staff for pedalled notes. Boxed cents values are indicated above the upper staff notes. Dashed vertical lines separate the tuning sections from the pedalled note sections.

Upper staff: tuning; please optimise in the pedal position(s) for which a boxed cents indication is given

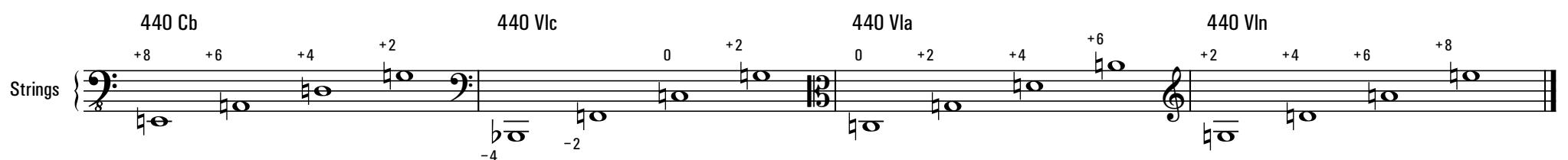
Lower staff: pedalled notes

String Instruments

cents indicate deviations from 12-tone equal temperament with a reference A=415 Hz
 uninflected fifths are tempered smaller than pure by 1/6 of a Pythagorean Comma



cents indicate deviations from 12-tone equal temperament with a reference A=440 Hz
 uninflected fifths are pure (2:3); note that the actual Kammerton (tuning of A) is +6 cents, equivalent to 441.5 Hz



Transposing Score

415 instruments are notated in 1/6-Pythagorean-Comma Meantone, A = 0 cents = 415 Hz; 440 instruments are notated in HEJI, 1/1 = C = 0 cents, A = +6c = ca. 441.5 Hz;
 Theorbo to be fretted in 1/6-Pythagorean-Comma Meantone; Organ to be tuned in Vallotti (1/6-Pyth-Comma between F-C-G-D-A-E-B and pure 3/2's otherwise); Harp tuning see chart;
 415 and 440 refer to the settings used on an electronic tuning meter to obtain cents. The two tuning systems share the same cents deviations a semitone apart: see chart.

To walk in this what came to pass

remembering my grandparents' flight

composed for and premiered by Zafraan Ensemble in collaboration with Akademie für Alte Musik Berlin

Marc Sabat

d ca. 45

3

415 Flauto Traverso

415 Baroque Oboe

415 Violin I

415 Violin II

415 Viola

415 Violoncello

415 Contrabass

415 Positive Organ

415 14-course Theorbo

440 Bass Flute

440 Harp (sounding)

440 Fender Rhodes (synthesizer)

440 Violin

440 Viola

440 Cello (sounding)

440 Contrabass

To walk in this what came to pass | Transposing Score

5

Poco ritenuo

Tempo primo

415 Fl

415 Ob

415 Vln I

415 Vln II

415 Vla

415 Vlc

415 Cb

415 Org

415 Theorbe

440 B Fl

440 Hp (snd)

440 Rhodes (synth)

440 Vln

440 Vla

440 Vlc (snd)

440 Cb

415 Fl 9

415 Ob

415 Vln I 2°/III

415 Vln II

415 Vla

415 Vlc

415 Cb f

415 Org

415 Theorbe f

440 B Fl

440 Hp (snd)

440 Rhodes (synth) f

440 Vln 3°/II

440 Vla 2°/IV 3°/I 3°/II 2°/I 5°/III

440 Vlc (snd) sul IV port. f

440 Cb 7°/IV f

To walk in this what came to pass | Transposing Score

415 Fl 14

415 Ob 7°/E♭ 7°/A♭

415 Vln I

415 Vln II

415 Vla

415 Vlc

415 Cb f

415 Org

415 Theorbe f p f

440 B Fl 5°/C 7°/G f cantando

440 Hp (snd) sempre f poco f

440 Rhodes (synth)

440 Vln u7/D p 4°/II sul I 7°/G 5°/C 5°/F

440 Vla f sul IV port.

440 Vlc (snd) f sul I 5°/F

440 Cb f p

18

415 Fl

415 Ob

415 Vln I

I

f

p

sul II

5°/II

f p

fp

non div.

f p

I

f

non div.

415 Vln II

415 Vla

415 Vlc

415 Cb

415 Org

415 Theorbe

f

11°/B♭

5°/B♭

440 B Fl

440 Hp (snd)

f

strokes = ca. 1/6 Pythagorean Comma
to approximate the Vallotti Well-Temperament
using 17° and 19° (please see tuning table)

440 Rhodes (synth)

poco f

f

5°/II

440 Vln

5°/B♭

f p

5°/A

7°/E♭

440 Vla

f

5°/I

u5/E u5/B

7°/E♭

4°/IV

4°/III

440 Vlc (snd)

sul IV

pont.

poco f

7°/B♭

440 Cb

f

poco f

Poco ritenuto match 440 Cb

22

415 Fl *f*

415 Ob *f*

415 Vln I non div. *poco f*

415 Vln II III 2°/IV *poco f* non div. div.

415 Vla *f* non div. *p*

415 Vlc *p* *f* sul II I non div. div.

415 Cb *p* < *f*

415 Org

415 Theorbe *p* < *f*

440 B Fl

440 Hp (snd)

440 Rhodes (synth)

440 Vln u5\|F u5\|C *p*

440 Vla u5\|C *poco f* match 440 Cb

440 Vlc (snd) match Cb natural harmonics *poco f*

440 Cb sul IV *poco f*

To walk in this what came to pass | Transposing Score

inflected accidentals indicate
Vallotti Well-Temperament:
match Organ pitches

33

415 Fl

415 Ob

415 Vln I

415 Vln II

415 Vla

415 Vlc

415 Cb

415 Org

415 Theorbe

440 B Fl

440 Hp (snd)

440 Rhodes (synth)

440 Vln

440 Vla

440 Vlc (snd)

440 Cb

To walk in this what came to pass | Transposing Score

match Organ, Fl, Vln II pitch
mezza voce

poco f

match Organ, Fl, Vla pitch

match Organ, Fl pitch

poco f

senza dim.

$4^{\circ}/I$

mezza voce

$5^{\circ}/F$

$5^{\circ}/C$

poco f

$5^{\circ}/G$

poco f

$2^{\circ}/IV$

$4^{\circ}/IV$

$2^{\circ}/IV$

$5^{\circ}/IV$

p

sul III

port.

$2^{\circ}/I$

$2^{\circ}/III$

p

sul II

$4^{\circ}/I$

mezza voce

mezza voce

mezza voce

mezza voce

senza dim.

38

Poco ritenuato

415 Fl

415 Ob

415 Vln I

415 Vln II

415 Vla

415 Vlc

415 Cb

p

mezza voce

poco f

7°/G

sul III

poco f

7°/G

sul I

415 Org

415 Theorbe

p

tune P4
above 440 Vc

u13D

11°/C

13°/C

5°/G

poco f

440 B Fl

u5\A

5°/D

port.

f

440 Hp (snd)

440 Rhodes (synth)

p

f

tune M6
above 440 Vc

5°/u13\A

11°/C

5°/IV

mezza voce

2°/II

5°/D

p

senza dim.

4°/III

5°/A

u13\A

p

f

p

13°/C

p

f

sul I

440 Vln

440 Vla

440 Vlc (snd)

440 Cb

p

senza dim.

p

p

f

f

f

f

Molto ritenuto

415 Fl **Tempo primo**

415 Ob

enharmonic diesis in 1/6-Comma = ca. +1 Pythagorean Comma (24 cents)

415 Vln I

inflected accidentals: match Vallotti Well-Temperament in Organ part I non div.

415 Vln II

2°/III

7°/G non div.

415 Vla

415 Vlc

mezza voce

coordinate with Theorbo and 440 Harp

pizz. — 3 —

415 Cb

port.

415 Org

Chord symbols are provided in case the player wishes to ornament the primary line (at times) with additional notes filling out the currently sounding harmony (ad lib.)

damp

D Bm B

poco f

415 Theorbe

match 415 Organ tuning as closely as possible, inflected notes indicate Vallotti Well-Temperament approximation using 17° und 19° tunings: one stroke = ca. 1/6 Pythagorean Comma

440 B Fl

440 Hp (snd)

poco f

440 Rhodes (synth)

poco f

440 Vln

2°/III

440 Vla

440 Vlc (snd)

4°/III

6°/II

5°/II

4°/I

440 Cb

p

To walk in this what came to pass | Transposing Score

11

enharmonic diesis in 1/6-Comma =
ca. +1 Pythagorean Comma (24 cents)

415 Fl 47

415 Ob

poco f

II 2°/IV 3

415 Vln I

p 4°/IV

415 Vln II

2°/I 4°/II p

415 Vla

415 Vlc

7°/B♭ 4°/III 7°/F arco 5°/III port. p

415 Cb

415 Org

C♯m 3 A 3 C♯/B♭ B♭m 3 B♭ 3 F♯/B♭ Cm A♭

415 Theorbe

440 B Fl

440 Hp (snd) 3 f

p

440 Rhodes (synth)

440 Vln II 2°/IV

440 Vla 4°/IV

440 Vlc (snd) 4°/III 4°/II

440 Cb p

52

415 Fl

415 Ob

415 Vln I II non div. $\text{2}^{\circ}/\text{IV}$ II

415 Vln I I $\text{2}^{\circ}/\text{IV}$ p non div.

415 Vln II p

415 Vla p

415 Vlc

415 Cb $6^{\circ}/\text{III}$

415 Org

415 Theorbe C^7 Am^7 A G

440 B Fl

440 Hp (synth)

440 Rhodes (synth)

440 Vln $\text{4}^{\circ}/\text{III}$ poco f $\text{4}^{\circ}/\text{II}$ $\text{5}^{\circ}/\text{C}$ poco f poco f poco f

440 Vla $\text{2}^{\circ}/\text{III}$ p

440 Vlc (synth) $\text{4}^{\circ}/\text{II}$

440 Cb $\text{2}^{\circ}/\text{I}$ $\text{4}^{\circ}/\text{I}$ p

56

415 Fl

415 Ob

415 Vln I

415 Vln II

415 Vla

415 Vlc

415 Cb

415 Org

415 Theorb

440 B Fl

440 Hp (snd)

440 Rhodes (synth)

440 Vln

440 Vla

440 Vlc (snd)

440 Cb

p

4°/IV

4°/I

B

A♭m

D

Gm

p sostenuto sempre

f

III

p

4°/II

2°/IV

4°/III

4°/I

6°/II

p

61

415 Fl *poco f*

415 Ob *poco f*

415 Vln I *p*

415 Vln II *2°/IV*

415 Vla *p*

415 Vlc

415 Cb

II

415 Org

415 Theorbe *F*

440 B Fl

440 Hp (snd)

f

440 Rhodes (synth) *poco f*

(*p*)

440 Vln

440 Vla *2°/IV*

440 Vlc (snd) *p*

440 Cb

66

415 Fl

415 Ob

< poco f >

415 Vln I

415 Vln II

415 Vla

415 Vlc

415 Cb

$4^{\circ}/IV$

p

$6^{\circ}/II$

arco

p

415 Org

415 Theorbe

E

Ab

Fm

F

440 B Fl

440 Hp (snd)

440 Rhodes (synth)

p

440 Vln

p

440 Vla

$4^{\circ}/IV$

p

$4^{\circ}/I$

$4^{\circ}/III$

440 Vlc (snd)

440 Cb

To walk in this what came to pass | Transposing Score

divide 1/6-Comma sharp (86 cents)
in half (ca. 43 cent)

match 440 B Fl

71

415 Fl 5°/E 13°/B 9°/F
 415 Ob poco f port. 11°/F
 415 Vln I 2°/IV
 415 Vln II
 415 Vla
 415 Vlc
 415 Cb p non div.
 415 Org
 415 Theorbe Eb Em/A E A B F⁷
 440 B Fl match Viola 7°/F 5°/B^b 7°/E 5°/C u5/F
 440 Hp (snd)
 440 Rhodes (synth)
 440 Vln 7°/B^b 5°/E u5/C
 440 Vla match Bass Fl 7°/F 5°/B^b 7°/E 2°/IV u5/F
 440 Vlc (snd) 4°/IV p
 440 Cb p poco f

81

415 Fl *poco f*

415 Ob *poco f*

inflected accidentals indicate
Vallotti Well-Temperament:
match Organ pitches

415 Vln I

415 Vln II

415 Vla

415 Vlc *p*

415 Cb *p*

415 Org *arco*

415 Org *poco f*

415 Theorbe

440 B Fl *p*

440 Hp (snd)

440 Rhodes (synth)

440 Vln

440 Vla

440 Vlc (snd) *poco f*

440 Cb

86

415 Fl

415 Ob

415 Vln I

415 Vln II

415 Vla

415 Vlc

415 Cb

415 Org

415 Theorbe

440 B Fl

440 Hp (snd)

440 Rhodes (synth)

440 Vln

440 Vla

440 Vlc (snd)

440 Cb

poco f ————— *p* *2°/II* *4°/II*

2°/IV *non div.* *non div.*

p *poco f* *p* *poco f* *poco f* *poco f*

5°/F *u5\A* *5°/D*

2°/II

poco f *p*

91

415 Fl

415 Ob

415 Vln I

inflected accidentals indicate
Vallotti Well-Temperament:
match Organ pitches

415 Vln II

415 Vla

415 Vlc

poco *f*

415 Cb

match 8ve below 440 Cb

415 Org

415 Theorbe

440 B Fl

440 Hp (snd)

440 Rhodes (synth)

440 Vln

p

440 Vla

440 Vlc (snd)

poco f

440 Cb

poco f

97

415 Fl

415 Ob

415 Vln I

415 Vln II

415 Vla

415 Vlc

415 Cb

415 Org

415 Theorbe

440 B Fl

440 Hp (snd)

440 Rhodes (synth)

440 Vln

440 Vla

440 Vlc (snd)

440 Cb

non div.

poco f

$2^{\circ}/\text{IV}$

$4^{\circ}/\text{IV}$

$2^{\circ}/\text{III}$

poco f

104

415 Fl

415 Ob

415 Vln I

415 Vln II

415 Vla *poco f*

415 Vlc

415 Cb

2°/IV

2°/II

415 Org

415 Theorbe

440 B Fl

440 Hp (snd) *pp*

440 Rhodes (synth)

440 Vln *poco f*

440 Vla

440 Vlc (snd)

440 Cb *poco f*

2°/IV

To walk in this what came to pass | Transposing Score

Poco ritenuto

Tempo primo

415 Fl

415 Ob

415 Vln I

415 Vln II

415 Vla

415 Vlc

415 Cb

415 Org

415 Theorbe

440 B Fl

440 Hp (snd)

440 Rhodes (synth)

440 Vln

440 Vla

440 Vlc (snd)

440 Cb

To walk in this what came to pass | Transposing Score

118

415 Fl

415 Ob

415 Vln I

415 Vln II

415 Vla

415 Vlc

415 Cb

415 Org

415 Theorbe

440 B Fl

440 Hp (snd)

440 Rhodes (synth)

440 Vln

440 Vla

440 Vlc (snd)

440 Cb

p

f

p

f

p

III

non div.

f

p

IV

f

III

non div.

f

p

IV

sul IV

port.

III

poco f

2°/IV

2°/IV

sul I

f

p

f

2°/III

non div.

sul III

port.

p

f

3

f

p

p

sul II

f

port.

sul IV

port.

f

f

sul IV

port.

122 **Poco ritenuo**

Tempo primo

415 Fl *poco f*

415 Ob *poco f*

415 Vln I *7°/F*

415 Vln II *p*

415 Vla *f*

415 Vlc

415 Cb

415 Org

415 Theorbe

440 B Fl

440 Hp (snd)

440 Rhodes (synth)

440 Vln

440 Vla *f*

440 Vlc (snd) *sul IV port.*

440 Cb *port. port. port.*

To walk in this what came to pass | Transposing Score

136

415 Fl f

415 Ob 5°/II sul II port. non div.

415 Vln I p f 7°/G

415 Vln II p fp III f 7°/D poco f

415 Vla I non div. f non div. 2°/IV poco f non div.

415 Vlc f p sul II I non div.

415 Cb non div. p < f

415 Org

415 Theorbe 3 3 3 3 3 3

440 B Fl

440 Hp (snd)

440 Rhodes (synth)

440 Vln u5\F u5\C

440 Vla 7°/E♭ u5\C

440 Vlc (snd) 4°/III

440 Cb

Poco ritenuato

match 440 Cb

Tempo primo

mezza voce

div.

4°/IV

senza dim.

mezza voce

div.

unis.

non div.

non div.

p

415 Org

415 Theorbe

f

440 B Fl

440 Hp (snd)

f

p

440 Rhodes (synth)

p

440 Vln

p

5°/E 11°/E

13°/E 7°/E

5°/B

p

440 Vla

poco f

match 440 Cb

440 Vlc (snd)

poco f

sul IV

poco f

p